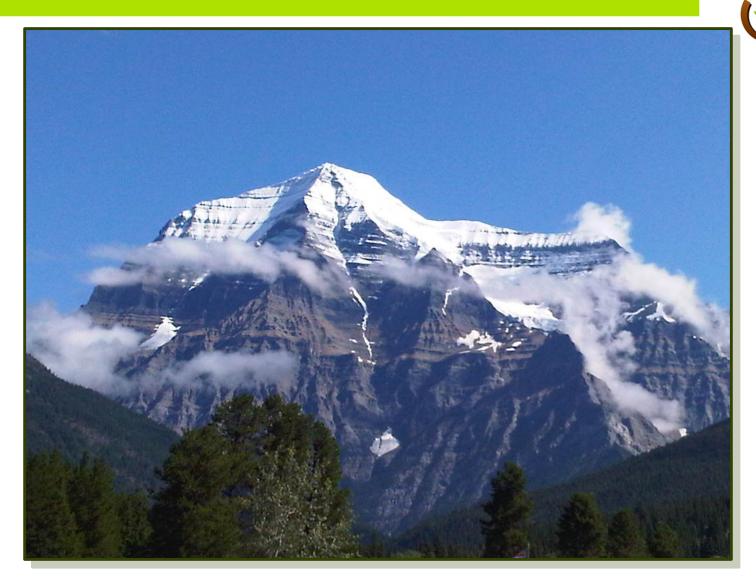


Noticing nature: Individual and social benefits of a two-week intervention

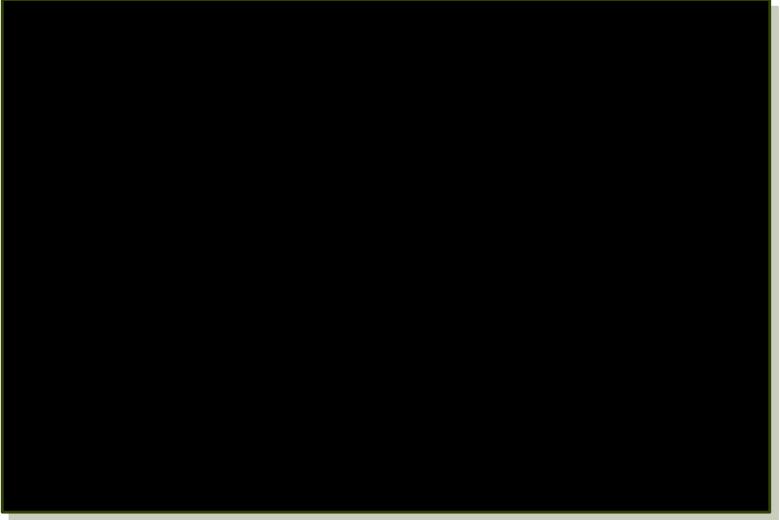
Holli-Anne Passmore | CPPA | July, 2016









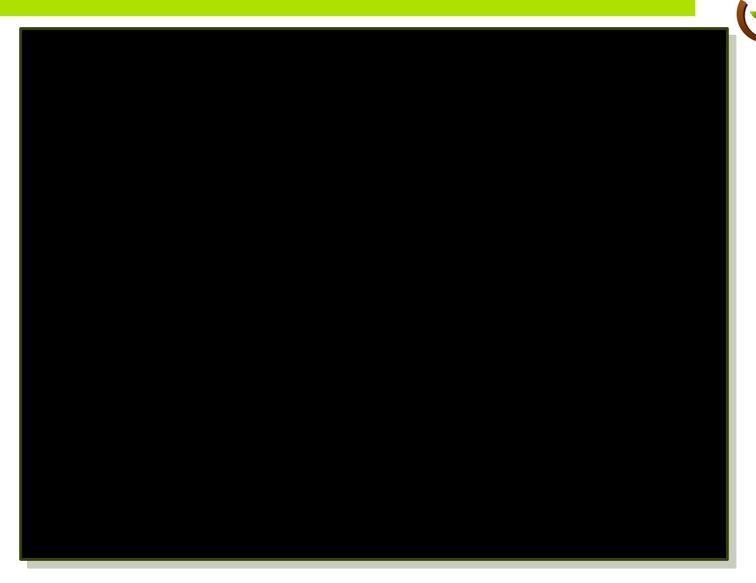














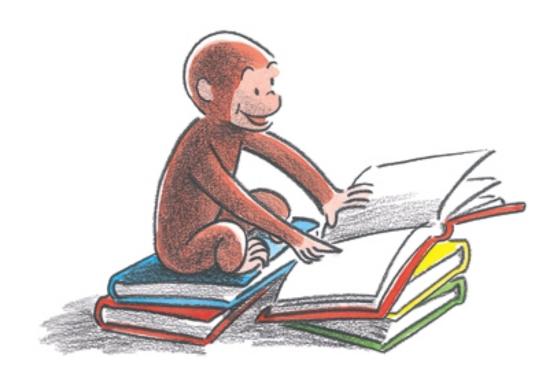


"one of the most basically important ingredients of human psychological existence that if ignored, is done so at peril to our psychological well-being"

- Harold Searles, 1960











growing body of literature findings

- Capaldi, Passmore, Nisbet, Zelenski, & Dopko, 2015
- · Capaldi, Dopko, & Zelenski, 2014
- · Howell & Passmore, 2013
- McMahan & Estes, 2015
- · Russell et al., 2013

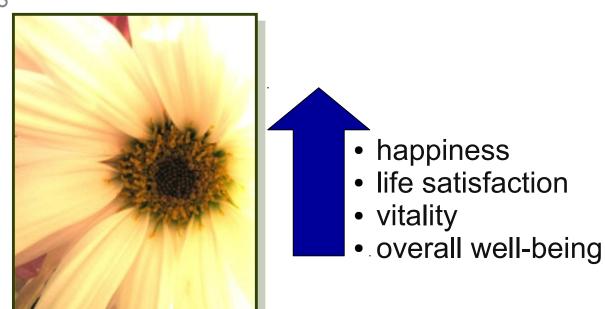






growing body of literature findings

- Capaldi, Passmore, Nisbet, Zelenski, & Dopko, 2015
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- McMahan & Estes, 2015
- Russell et al., 2013







 clear, consistent evidence that nature \(\psi\) well-being

yet ...







 clear, consistent evidence that nature \(\gamma\) well-being

yet ...



- overlooked
- underestimated
- underutilized



nature – well-being studies



brief exposures to nature





nature – well-being studies



• ongoing nature involvement





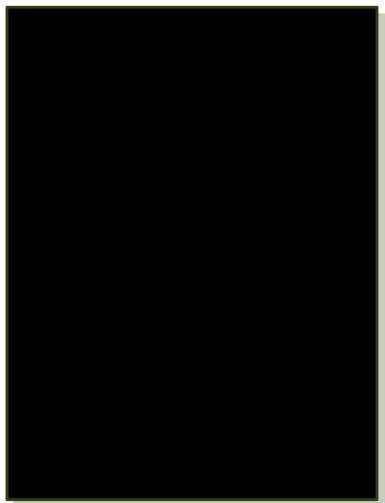








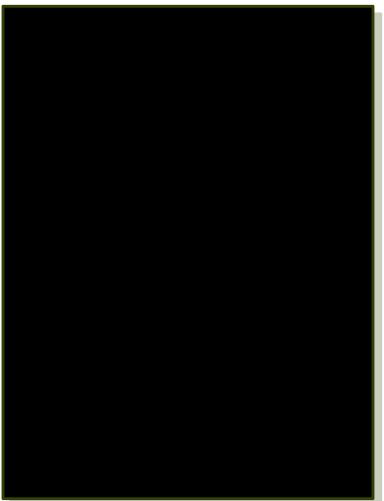
 longer-duration, ongoing nature intervention







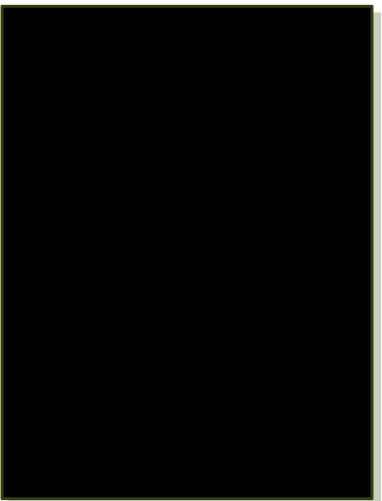
- longer-duration, ongoing nature intervention
- similar to Passmore & Howell (2014)







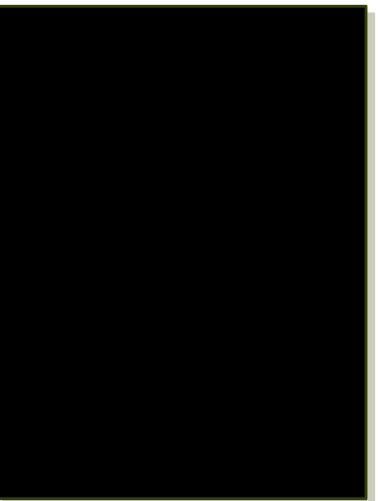
- longer-duration, ongoing nature intervention
- two control conditions including business-as-usual condition







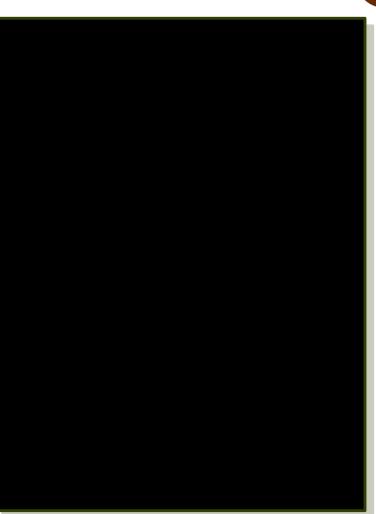
- longer-duration, ongoing nature intervention
- two control conditions including business-as-usual condition
- unique methodology







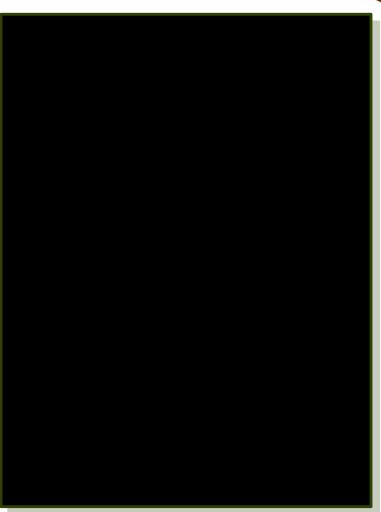
- longer-duration, ongoing nature intervention
- two control conditions including business-as-usual condition
- unique methodology
- noticing & attending to nature







- longer-duration, ongoing nature intervention
- two control conditions including business-as-usual condition
- unique methodology
- noticing & attending to nature
- well-being + general connectedness prosocial orientation







• N = 395







- N = 395
- randomly assigned







- N = 395
- randomly assigned
- nature OR built OR control







- N = 395
- randomly assigned
- nature OR built OR control
- "don't change your daily routine"







- N = 395
- randomly assigned
- nature OR built OR control
- "don't change your daily routine"
- "just pay attention to how the objects around you make you feel"







when emotion evoked – take a photo

Nature



Built







when emotion evoked – take a photo

Nature



Built





with brief description of emotions evoked by the object/scene





when emotion evoked – take a photo

Nature







when emotion evoked – take a photo

Nature



Built







when emotion evoked – take a photo

Natura



Nature Built



Control







• two weeks later completed measures of:







- two weeks later completed measures of:
 - netPA







- two weeks later completed measures of:
 - netPA
 - elevating experiences







- two weeks later completed measures of:
 - netPA
 - elevating experiences
 - sense of meaning







- two weeks later completed measures of:
 - netPA
 - elevating experiences
 - sense of meaning
 - general connectedness







- two weeks later completed measures of:
 - netPA
 - elevating experiences
 - sense of meaning
 - general connectedness
 - pro-social orientation



























































netPA

$$d = 0.47$$

$$d = 0.46$$









- netPA
- elevation

- d = 0.47
- d = 0.49

d = 0.46

$$d = 0.38$$









netPA

d = 0.47

d = 0.46

elevation

d = 0.49

d = 0.38

connected

d = 0.29

d = 0.42









netPA

d = 0.47

d = 0.46

elevation

d = 0.49

d = 0.38

connected

d = 0.29

d = 0.42

pro-social

d = 0.30

d = 0.38





- average effect size of positive psychology interventions
- *d* = 0.20 0.34
 - Bolier et al., 2013

•
$$d = \dots \dots 0.29 \dots 0.30 \dots \dots 0.47 \dots 0.49$$
 connected pro-social netPA elevation





- average effect size of positive psychology interventions
- *d* = 0.20 0.34
 - Bolier et al., 2013

•
$$d = \dots \dots 0.29 \dots 0.30 \dots \dots 0.47 \dots 0.49$$
 connected pro-social netPA elevation



















 beneficial effects emerged not from spending more time in nature









- beneficial effects emerged not from spending more time in nature
- but merely from noticing and attending to nature encountered in everyday routines















• pos. emotions z = 3.3







• pos. emotions
$$z = 3.3$$

• neg. emotions
$$z = -5.2$$









- pos. emotions
- z = 3.3

z = -3.7

neg. emotions

$$z = -5.2$$









• pos. emotions z = 3.3

z = -3.7

neg. emotions

z = -5.2

z = 5.9









• pos. emotions z = 3.3

$$z = 3.3$$

$$z = -3.7$$

neg. emotions

$$z = -5.2$$

$$z = 5.9$$

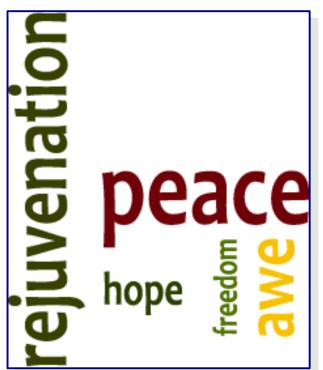
netPA: d = 0.47



results – qualitative - themes







word size proportionate to standardized residual

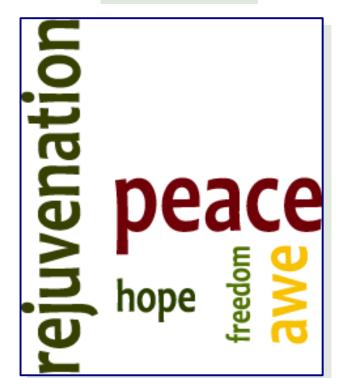


results – qualitative - themes















word size proportionate to standardized residual





inherent appeal of nature







- inherent appeal of nature
- emotional reactions evoked directly by nature







- inherent appeal of nature
- emotional reactions evoked directly by nature
- built condition submitted at least 1 photo of nature







- inherent appeal of nature
- emotional reactions evoked directly by nature
- built condition submitted at least 1 photo of nature
- built condition comments expressed affinity for nature







call of everyday nature is strong







- call of everyday nature is strong
- practical implications for practitioners prescribing nature activities ...







- call of everyday nature is strong
- practical implications for practitioners prescribing nature activities ...
- ... clients likely to remain motivated & committed to nature-based therapeutic assignments







- call of everyday nature is strong
- practical implications for practitioners prescribing nature activities ...
- ... clients likely to remain motivated & committed to nature-based therapeutic assignments
- ... experience boost in mood







• unique contribution to current literature



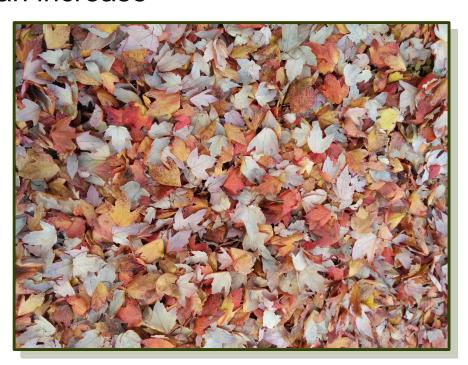




unique contribution to current literature

intervention did not involve an increase

in the time spent in nature







unique contribution to current literature

intervention did not involve an increase

in the time spent in nature

 increases in well-being achieved simply by asking participants to pay attention to, and reflect on, emotions evoked by everyday nature encountered (so often overlooked)







• effective nature-based well-being interventions do not necessarily have to involve ...







- effective nature-based well-being interventions do not necessarily have to involve ...
 - lifestyle changes





implications



- effective nature-based well-being interventions do not necessarily have to involve ...
 - lifestyle changes
 - travelling to more natural areas





implications



- effective nature-based well-being interventions do not necessarily have to involve ...
 - lifestyle changes
 - travelling to more natural areas
 - modification of one's immediate environment





implications



- effective nature-based well-being interventions do not necessarily have to involve ...
 - lifestyle changes
 - travelling to more natural areas
 - modification of one's immediate environment
- practical implications for ease of implementation













reaffirmed positive feelings towards nature







- reaffirmed positive feelings towards nature
- surprise at how, and to what degree, nature affected their emotions







- reaffirmed positive feelings towards nature
- surprise at how, and to what degree, nature affected them
- consistent with previous research that on average, people underestimate the well-being benefits of nature contact
 - Nisbet & Zelenski, 2011





going forward













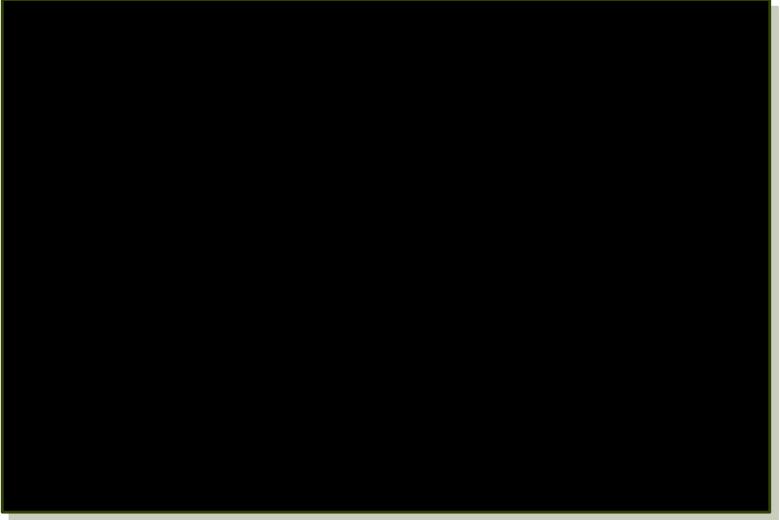
























"I found that nature gave me an underlying appreciation for both the people I have in my life and the world in which I live in."

- participant N155



Noticing nature: Individual and social benefits of a two-week intervention

Holli-Anne Passmore | CPPA | July, 2016

Questions?



Noticing nature: Individual and social benefits of a two-week intervention

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results

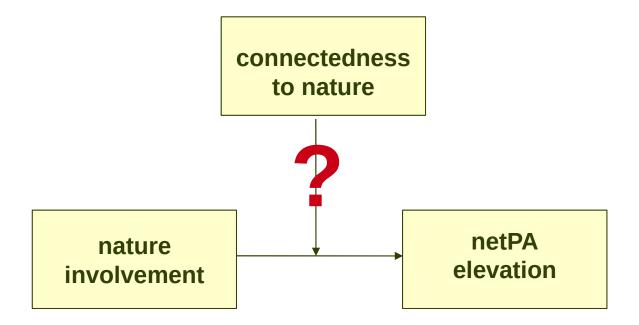


• is nature "attention" beneficial for a wide variety of people?



results

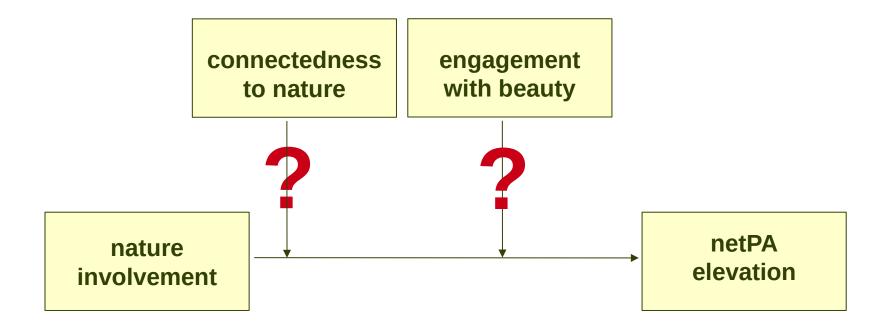






results study #2

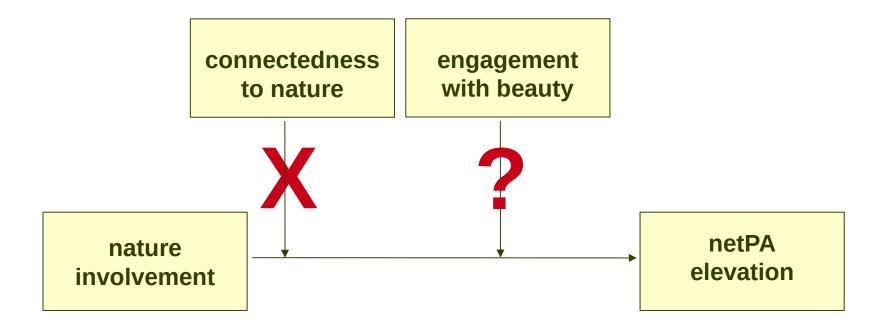






results study #2

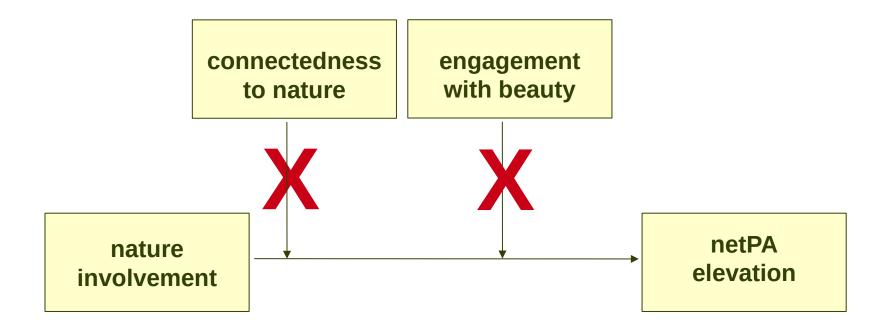






results study #2















• p < .05 statistically significant differences between groups





- p < .05 statistically significant differences between groups
- but does p = .051 mean there aren't any noteworthy differences between the groups?





- p < .05 statistically significant differences between groups
- but does p = .051 mean there aren't any noteworthy differences between the groups?
- how big is the difference between the groups?

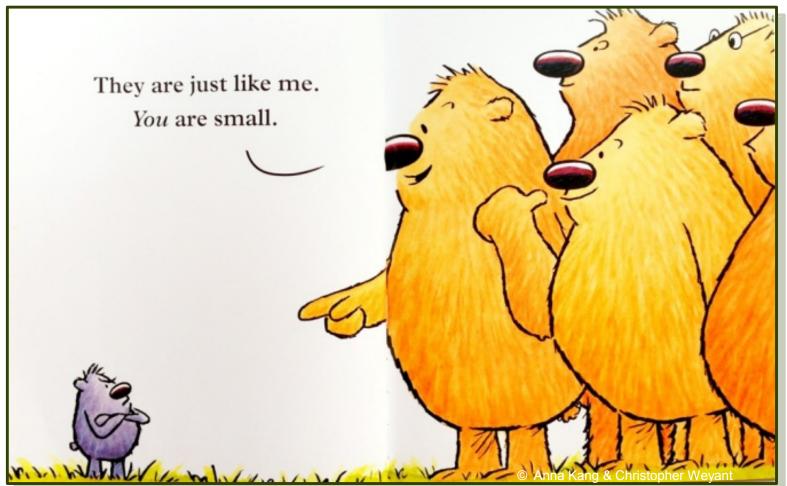




- p < .05 statistically significant differences between groups
- but does p = .051 mean there aren't any noteworthy differences between the groups?
- how <u>big</u> is the difference between the groups?
- standardized effect size: d

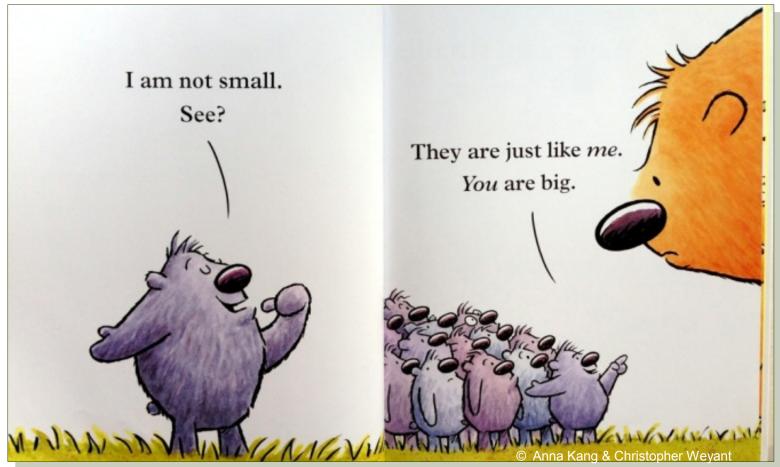
















average effect size of positive psychology interventions

